Retailing in Electronic Commerce Products and Services

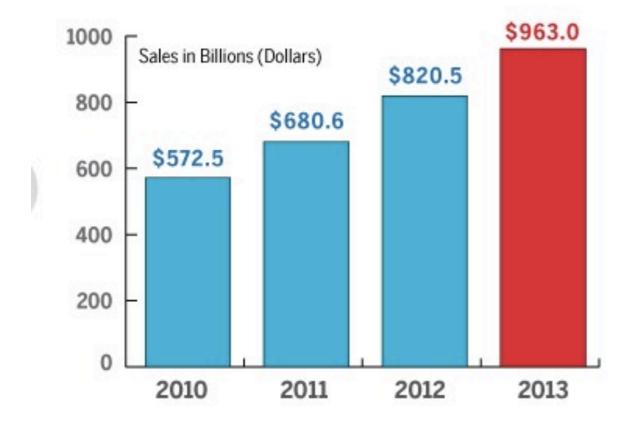
E-Commerce (Winter 2011) Marek Maurizio Università Ca' Foscari Venezia

Learning objectives

- The kinds of products that sell well online
- Companies that do very well in selling online
- Other success factors



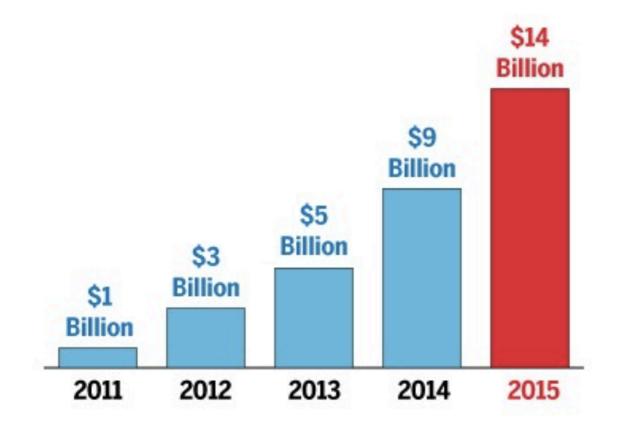
http://www.internetretailer.com/trends/sales/



Global e-commerce sales are growing at more than 19% a year

Worldwide retail web sales will reach nearly \$1 trillion by 2013, predicts Goldman Sachs. E-commerce is growing at 19.4%, the investment bank says.

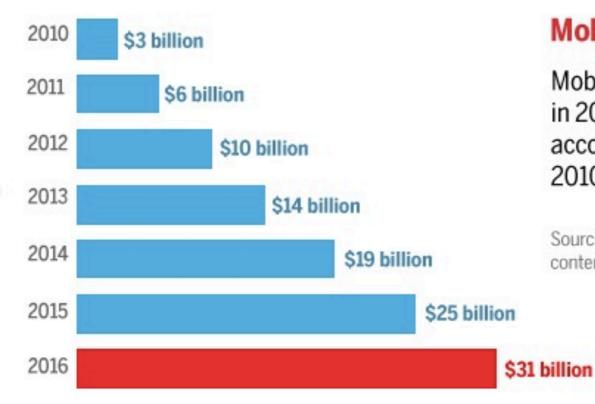
Source: Goldman Sachs, Sales in billions of dollars.



U.S. social commerce sales, 2011-2015

Sales of physical goods through online social networks will grow by 93% per year in the U.S., reaching \$14 billion by 2015, predicts research and consulting firm Booz & Co. A Booz survey in 2010 found 27% of shoppers were willing to buy through social media.

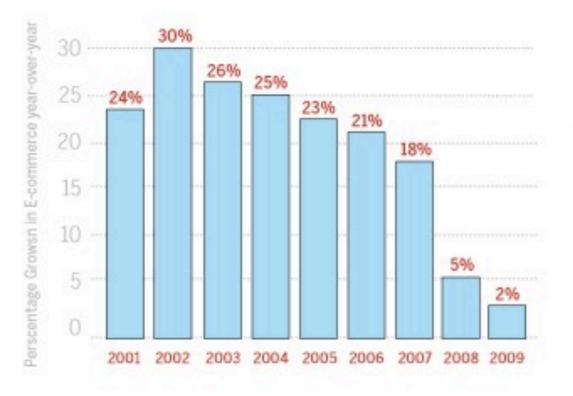
Source: Booz & Co.



Mobile Commerce Sales: 2010-2016

Mobile commerce sales will grow from \$3 billion in 2010 to \$31 billion in 2016. M-commerce sales accounted for only 1% of e-commerce sales in 2010, but will increase to 7% in 2016.

Source: Forrester Research Inc., sales of merchandise excluding digital content such as ring tones and mobile games



E-commerce Percentage Growth

Year	% Growth	Year	% Growth
2001	24.64%	2006	21.70%
2002	30.38%	2007	18.43%
2003	26.33%	2008	4.90%
2004	25.38%	2009	1.88%
2005	23.58%		

Source: Internet Retailer, U.S. Department of Commerce

Global e-commerce sales by region (2010)

Online commerce is growing by 27.5% a year in Asia, a region that will overtake Europe by 2012 as the e-commerce leader, predicts Goldman Sachs. Global e-commerce growth is 19.4% per year and worldwide e-commerce totaled \$572.5 billion in 2010. Rest of Vorld 10% 29% 27% Asia 34% Europe

Source: Goldman Sachs

Retailing in e-commerce (e-tailing): overview

Electronic Retailing

- A retailer is a sales **intermediary**: operates between manufacturers and customers
- In physical world, retailing is done in stores
- A catalog free companies of the need of a physical space. Customers can browse the catalog at any time
- E-tailing: retailing conducted **online**, over the Internet
- E-tailers: actors that sells over the Internet

- The concept of retailing implies sales of goods/services to individual customers
- Distinction between B2C and B2B is not always clear
 - Amazon.com sells both to private and to companies
 - Barnes & Noble has a special section of thier site for B2B
 - Ikea.it has special offers and financing for business customers, but products are the same

What sells well on the Internet?

- Apparel and accessories
- Books, CDs, DVDs
- Cars
- Computers and electronics
- Flowers and gifts
- Food and drug
- Health and beauty

- Housewares/home furnishings
- Jewelry
- Office supplies
- Sporting goods
- Toys and hobbies
- Travel

Ideal online product is...

- Recognized, quality brand name
- Backed by guarantee provided by reliable, well-known company (reduces consumer risk)
- Easy to display, describe, depict online
- Relatively inexpensive
- Commonly or frequently purchased

- Standardized commodity type products (standard specifications, usage)
- Products not needing close examination even in traditional store

E-Tailing Business Models - Classification

- E-tailing business models can be classified in several ways
 - scope of items handled (general purpose vs specific)
 - scope of sales regions covered (global vs regional)
 - classification by revenue model
 - others

E-Tailing Business Models - Classification

- Classification by Distribution Channel
 - Direct marketing from mail-order retailers that go online
 - Direct marketing from manufacturers
 - Pure-play e-tailers
 - Click-and-mortar retailers
 - Internet (online) malls

Mail orders

- Mail marketing that takes place without intermediaries between manufacturers and buyers
- Takes orders directly from consumers
- Moving online: cut the price of catalog distribution, easier and faster order handling
- Easy to move online, they already had shipping, warehouses, experience, etc.
- Industry in the best position to capitalize e-commerce, they already had the infrastructure

LANDS' END

STORE LOCATOR TRACK ORDER

MEN GIRLS BOYS SWIM OUTERWEAR SHOES SCHOOL UNIFORMS FOR THE HOME LUGGAGE OVERSTOCKS

LANDS'END BUSINESS OUTFITTERS

CREATE ACCOUNT / SIGN IN

ENTER KEYWORD OR ITEM #

Sł ŻLA

YOU

Woi Regula Patti Irc \$5

Wor

Homepage > Women > Shirts & Blouses

WOMEN



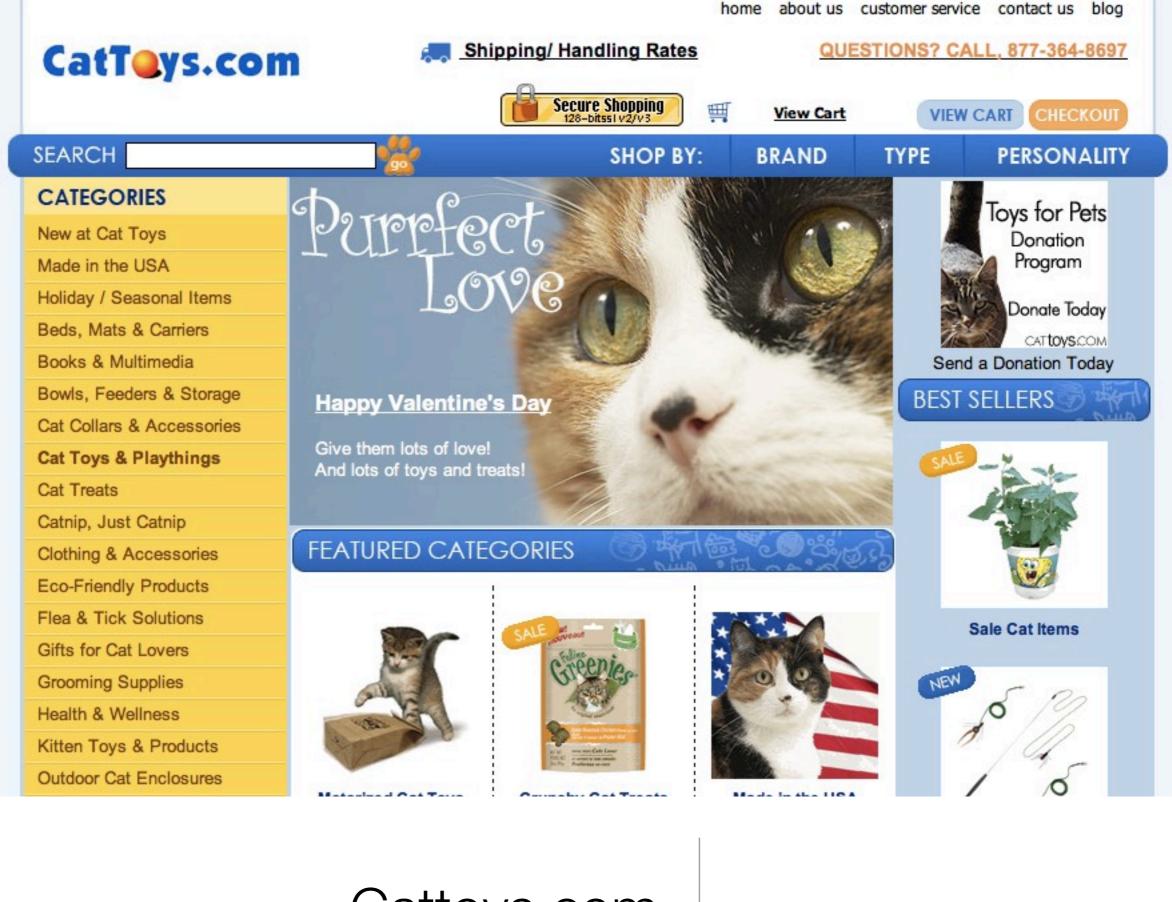
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Manufacturers

- Sellers can understand their markets better because of the direct connection to consumers
- Consumers gain greater information about the products through their direct connection to the manufacturers
- Dell uses direct marketing with a build-to-order approach, customizing its products

Pure-play e-tailers

- Firms that sell directly to consumers over the Internet
- no physical sales channel
- Example: amazon.com, libreriauniversitaria.it (<u>http://ricerca.gelocal.it/</u> <u>mattinopadova/archivio/mattinodipadova/2008/12/06/MCKPO_MCK01.html</u>)
- Low overhead costs (can also use existing platforms <u>http://</u> <u>smallbusiness.yahoo.com/</u>)



Cattoys.com

Pure-player in a narrow market

ONLINE FILE W3.3 Application Case

CATTOYS.COM, A SPECIALTY E-TAILER

CatToys.com is a specialized e-tail site that sells cat toys. Its Web site (*cattoys.com*) is designed to appeal to cat enthusiasts, with cat images everywhere and informal typefaces to put buyers at ease. It has no banner ads, is easy to navigate, is updated weekly, and displays products in clear categories. The company's retail prices are comparable with those of other pet stores and are kept low through aggressive cost control. Buyers can receive discounts by donating cat toys to animal shelters. Marketing is mostly accomplished through search engines and an affiliate program in which any cat lover can participate. The site has no membership or personalization features.

CatToys.com hosts its site through Yahoo!'s Merchant Solutions (*smallbusiness.yahoo.com/merchant*). This allows it to use sophisticated technologies (e.g., cookies for the shopping-cart process and payment security) and have access to a large audience. Because Yahoo! takes care of the Web site technology, CatToys.com can concentrate on its core competency—selecting the right cat toys and marketing them effectively. CatToys.com is an example of a low-volume specialized store that attracts people with specific shopping needs.

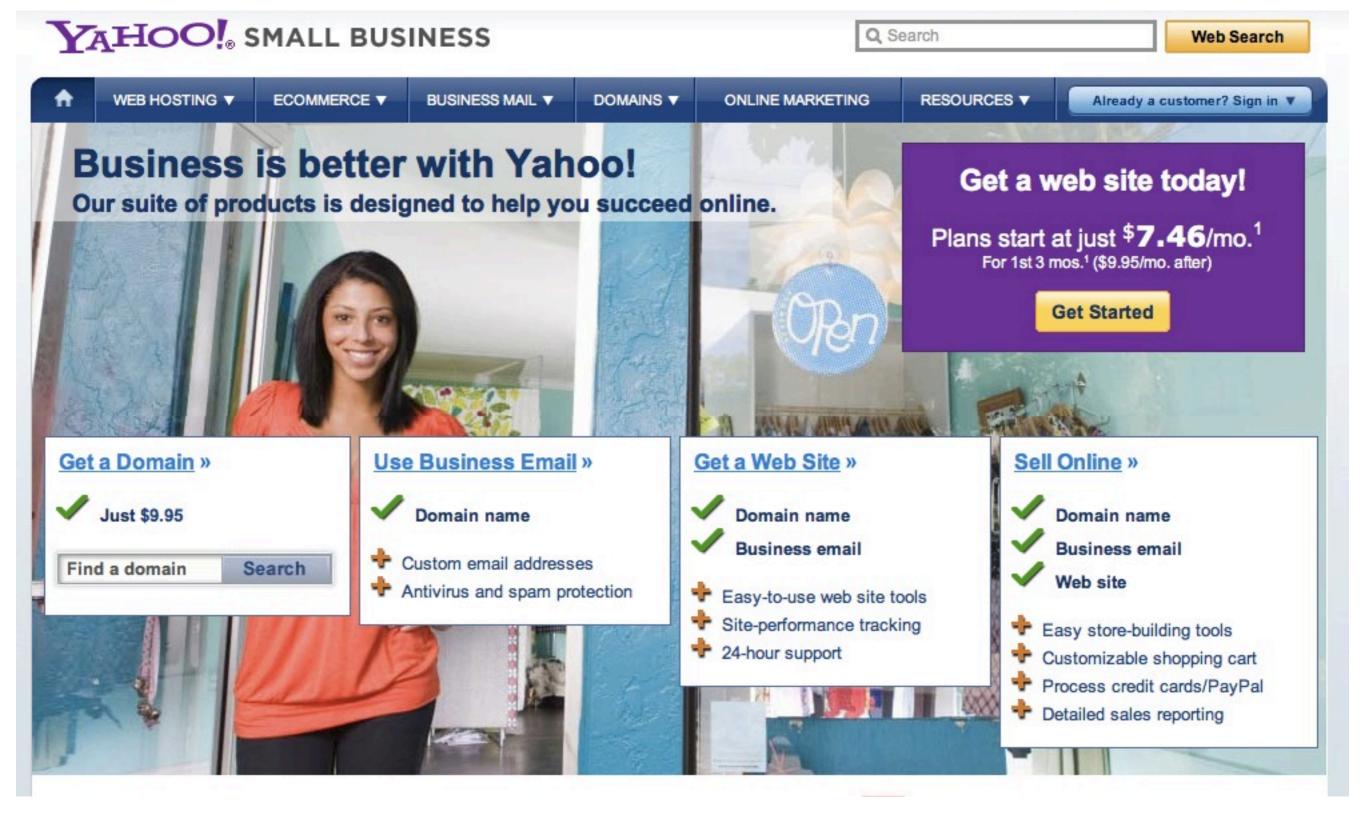
A sister company is *dogtoys.com*, which offers similar services including gift certificates and the ability to earn points. Both companies are evaluated at *epinions.com*.

Questions

- Visit cattoys.com and examine the company's revenue model.
- Examine the relationship between cattoys.com and dogtoys.com. These two URLs are owned by the same company. Why do they have separate URLs for each product?

Cattoys.com

Pure-player in a narrow market



Yahoo Small Business

Tools and hosting for e-tailers

Click-and-mortar Retailers

- Brick-and-mortar retailers that offer a transactional Web site from which to conduct business
- Suggested winner strategy by many experts
- Often brick-and-mortars moved to the online world
 - Example: mediaworld.it, wallmart.com, etc.
- or pure-players that expanded on physical storefronts



Expedia.com

pure-player that expanded in physical storefronts



Dell Physical Store

non-selling physical storefront

Online Malls

- Referring directories
 - a directory organized by product type
 - selecting product brings to a selected store
- Malls with shared services
 - Orders are done directly on the mall site
 - One shared shopping cart, pay once

Other e-tailing models

- Postal services
- Adult products and services
- Wedding planners
- Gift registries

Specific E-tailing Examples

Travel and Tourism Services Online

- Online travel is probably the most successful e-commerce implementation
- Half of leisure travelers book online and 43% use internet to do travel research (2007 report)
- Most popular sites are travel agencies (expedia, travelocity, ...) and search sites (google, yahoo, ...)
- Revenue model: direct, advertising, commissions, membership
- Social networking sites

Travel and Tourism Services Online - II

- Services provided include:
 - General information
 - Reserving and purchasing tickets, accommodations, and entertainment
 - Travel guides
 - Electronic travel magazines
 - Fare comparisons
 - Travel bargain (lastminute.com)

Travel-Oriented Social Networks

- Social computing shifts online travel from passive selling to customer engagement
- affect how travel companies and agents market their products
- Several social networks have a travel channel or applications



Africa - Asia - Australia - Central America - Europe - Middle East - North America - Oceania - South America

travel.wikia.com

Social Network Travel Channel



Q

Destinations



Username or Email Password Remember me Forgot password?

Log in Other logins

Shooting winter landscapes in the Swiss Alps

Search



What is WAYN?

WAYN is the world's largest travel and lifestyle community with over 15 million members around the world.

See what others have said ...



I've planned my whole travels thanks to members on WAYN and even found my perfect match ;)

Liv, 31, Australia

Register now for FREE! Sign-in Connect with: Full Name: First name Surname ? Email: Password: Month \$ Year \$ Day \$ Birthday: \$ Nationality: Italian Home Vicenza, Italy town: Male Female I am a:

You will receive email newsletters & account updates from us, which can be turned off at any time



I confirm that I have read and agree to the Terms & Conditions and Privacy Policy

WAYN on Mobile

- Share what you would love to do with others whilst on the go
- Find great places nearby

Wayn.com

Social Network for Travelers

Benefits of Online Travel Services

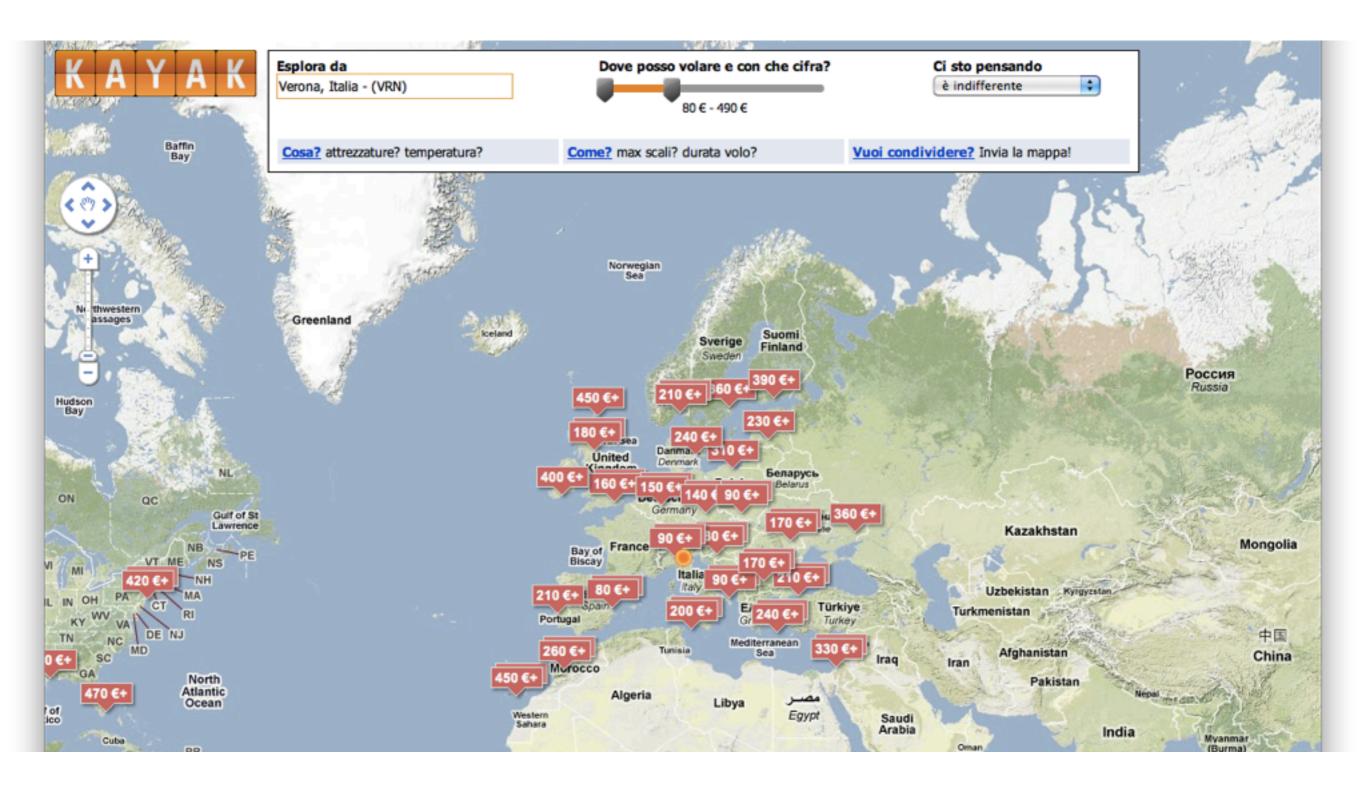
- Benefits to consumers
 - Large amount of free information available 24/7
 - Substantial discounts can be found
- Benefits to providers
 - Airlines, hotels, and cruise lines are selling otherwise-empty spaces
 - Direct selling saves the provider's commission and its processing

Limitations of Online Travel Services

- Many people prefer to not use the Internet
- The amount of time and the difficulty of using virtual travel agencies may be significant
- Complex trips or those that require stopovers may not be available online because they require specialized knowledge and arrangements
- Difficult to find accessory services (guides, car rental, etc.)
- Trust issues

Impact of EC on the travel industry

- Someone predicted that travel agencies as we know will disappear
- New intermediaries are born:
 - aggregators (expedia, bookings.com)
 - reviews (tripadvisor.com)



Kayak.com travel meta-search engine

Employment Placement and the Job Market Online

- The job market is very volatile
 - supply and demand are frequently unbalanced
- Traditional job matching is done in several ways
 - ads in special sections of a newspaper
 - corporate recuiters
 - employment agencies

Employment Placement and the Job Market Online

- The Job Market has also moved online
- Connects individuals who are looking for jobs with emplyers who are looking for emplyees
- Very popular approach
- more and more are turning away from traditional channels
- Methods: specialized sites and career portals by large companies

Advantages of online job market

- Inexpensive
- Long life cycle
- Global reaching
- Fast update
- Large space for details
- Easy to search
- Fast communication
- Easy to compare jobs

Traditional versus Online Job Markets

Traditionall Versus Online Job Markets		
Characteristic	Traditional Job Market	Online Job Market
Cost	Expensive, especically in prime space	Can be very inexpemsive
Lift cycle	Short	Long
Place	Usually local and limited if global	Global
Context updating	Can be complex, expensive	Fast, simple, inexpensive
Space for details	Limited	Large
Ease of search by applicant	Difficult, especially for out-of-towm applicants	Quick and easy
Ability of employers to find applicants	May be very difficuly, especially for out-of-town applicants	Easy
Matching of supply and ddemand	Difficult	asy
Reliability	Material can be lost n mail	High
Commonication speed between employees and employers	Can be slow	Fast
Ability of employees to compare jobs	Limited	Easy, fast

The Internet Job Market

- Rich environment for hard-to-find employees
- Online resources are now the most popular way to find applicants
- The U.S. market is dominated by three major players:
 - Monster
 - Careerbuilder
 - Yahoo! Hotjobs

Internet Job Market

- The following actors play a role in job marketing:
 - Job seekers: both active and passive. Rss feeds to keep an open eye on opportunities. Special sites for first jobs
 - Employers seeking employees: advertise job openings on public pages, online tests to predict candidate profile. LinkedIn offers several tools for recuirters, also Yahoo! Resumix.
 - Classified Ads: ads of job openings on specialized sites (kijiji.com, linked.com, craiglist.org)

Internet Job Market

- Job agencies: as offline job agencies, offer services for a fee or relay on advertisment
- Government agencies and institutions: many gov and inst advertise job opening on the internet. Some are required to do so by law.
- The Internet is a global online portal for job seekers
- Many large organizations spends lots of money on job agencies to get the "right" people
- For colleges, an important performance metric is the emplyability of their graduates
 - providing career advices is of primal importance

Online Job Markets on Social Networking

- In the age of Web 2.0 the wide reach of social networks like Facebook and LinkedIn can get people hired faster
- The sites provide job seekers the ability of promote their area of expertise as well as help them to be found
- Powerful search mechanisms
- Possible referral fee

Global Online Portals

• Portals to look for job in another country



ONLINE FILE W3.4 THE EUROPEAN JOB MOBILITY PORTAL (EURES CV-SEARCH)

EURES CV-Search (*europa.eu.int/eures*) is an electronic meeting point for employers and job-seekers. Job seekers can use the site to introduce themselves to employers; employers can use the site to find and contact promising candidates. EURES CV-Search gives job seekers the ability to post their curriculum vitas (CVs) on the site if they wish to advertise that they would like to work in another country.

Employers can view job seekers' CVs by registering with the service. Job seekers can post their CVs anonymously. If this option is selected, employers can only contact the job seeker through the EURES service. Job seekers can present their profiles in English, German, or French.

EURES is a free service for both job seekers and employers, subject to the rules set down by individual EURES country members.

What is offered on the site?

- Job vacancies throughout Europe, by country
- CV postings by area and country
- Information about the transitional rules regarding movement of workers to and from all member countries
- Information about living and working conditions in each country
- Information about training opportunities

- Information about public employment services
- Job-related news
- Personalized pages and accounts for applicants and employers
- Employment statistics
- Contact information and other resources
- A search engine for quick searches
- Search capabilities for employers to find the right CV

Source: Compiled from *europa.eu.int/eures* (accessed September 2004).

Questions

- Enter europa.eu.int/eures/ and look at some CVs. How do you think jobs and people are matched?
- 2. Assume that you are looking for a job in one of the countries served by the portal. Do you think that the site offers sufficient information?
- 3. What tasks are performed by search agents?
- 4. Do you have any suggestions about how to improve this site?

Online File W3.4



Eures

Europe Job Mobility Portal

Case of Study: Refer.com



- A terrible idea: employers post job openings for a fee, and anyone who successfully refers somebody for the job ears a 1000\$+ referral bonus
- How most companies hire people:
 - 1) Internal referrals
 - 2) External recruiters
 - 3) Solicited applicants
 - 4) Unsolicited applicants
 - ...
 - 213) Refer.com Somebody whom employer doesn't trust and has never met, refers somebody that they
 dont trust and have never met. The person whose resume gets passed for the job doesn't even know
 they're applying for the job. Random scour resume banks and refer thousands people, hoping to get a
 score. Employers gets inundated with the lowest-quality applications.

Benefits and Limitations of E-Job Market

- Limit: lack of access to the Internet
- Limit: reverse lack of access to the Internet
 - companies are flooded with applicants when they advertise online
 - most of them are not really suited to the position
- Security and privacy
 - dont let your boss know you're job hunting!

Real Estate

- Advice to consumers on buying or selling a home
- Commercial real estate listings
- Listings of residential real estate in multiple databases
- Maps are available
- Sites for persons who want to sell their homes privately, without using a real estate agent

Insurance Online

- An increasing number of companies use the Internet to offer standard insurance policies (auto, home, life, or health) at a substantial discount
- Third-party aggregators offer free comparisons of available policies
- Several large insurance and risk-management companies offer comprehensive insurance contracts online

Banking and Personal Finance Online

- Electronic banking or e-banking include various banking activities conducted via the Internet from home
- Saves time and money
 - for banks: offers inexpensive alternative to branch banking and a chance to enlist more customers
 - for customers: discounts, 24/7
- Mobile banking home banking from your smartphone

E-banking II

- Virtual Banks
- no physical location, but only conduct online transactions
- more than 97% of pure-play virtual banks failed in 2003
- the most successul model seems the click-and-mortar
- watch out for frauds with cyberbanks

On-Demand Delivery of Products

- Most e-tailers use common logistic carriers to deliver their products
- Some own a fleet of delivery vehicles
- Either case, an express delivery service is called **on demand delivery service**
 - the delivery must be quick after the order (between "overnight" and 60 minutes)
 - ofter e-grocers delivery this way (unattended delivery)

Online Delivery of Digital Products, Entertainment, and Media

- Certain goods, (software, music, or news stories) may be distributed in a physical form or they may be digitized and delivered over the Internet
- Products that can be transormed to digital format and delivered over the internet are called digital products
- For sellers, the costs associated with the manufacture, storage, and distribution of physical products can be enormous
- Inventory management also becomes a critical cost issue, and so does delivery and distribution

Napster, a Major Revolution

- The rise of Napster coincide with the wide availability of computers in college campuses and widespread adoption of mp3 files
- The Napster network did not require the use of a standard web browser such as IE
- No mp3 on remote servers: Napster only shared "libraries", or list of songs, and then enables peer-to-peer file sharing
- Individual users literally exchanged songs with each other
- 60 millions of users by the end of 2003, one of the fastest community growth in history

Napster - II

- Potential challenge to industry revenue model
- Recording Industry Association of American (RIAA) and five major records engaged a legal battle for copyright infringment
- Napster argued that no mp3 were held at its servers
- Court ruled that as "manager of file exchange" Napter must observe copyright
- Napster were acquired by Roxio and revived as a for-fee service (napster.com)

History of Filesharing

- More on http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timeline_of_file_sharing
- Peer-to-Peer Systems What's behind the buzzword? (Uwe Schmidt Un-Distinguished Lecture Series 16/02/2007)

B2C Dot-Com Fails



- Nella crisi del 2000-2001 molte compagnie dot-com chiusero
 - 600 in USA, 1000 nel mondo
- Kozmo.com : affitto di film in dvd e altro materiale correlato porta a porta.
 - Come riconsegnare i film? Direttamente al negozio non era allettante per i clienti. Dropbox vandalizzate. Volume delle vendite insufficiente. Alleanza con Starbucks per la riconsegna inefficace.
 - Sempre più pornografia nel catalogo. La compagnia viene denunciata dopo aver negato il servizio alle zone più povere (con più criminalità).
 - Fallita nel 2001 con una perdita di \$250M

B2C Dot-Com Fails



- Furniture.com
 - Vendita di mobili tramite internet
 - \$2.5M pagati solo per acquisire il dominio
 - problemi: i produttori non riuscivano a coprire le richieste per gli oggetti più popolari
 - costo delle spedizioni troppo alto per gli oggetti ingombranti (anche \$200 per spedizione)

B2C Dot-Com Fails



- eRegister.com
 - intermediario per registrarsi a svariati servizi (non necessario)
- Go.com
 - portale Disney per accedere agli altri siti dell'azienda e generare profitti dall'advertising. per coprire il salario del 400 impiegati sarebbero state necessario 2 miliardi di impression, ne ottenne solo 2 milioni.
- Pets.com
 - alimenti e oggetti per animali. mercato molto competitivo. \$240 di spesa per ogni cliente acquisito



Closing Case: Wal-Mart Online

- Biggest retailer in the world
- Online and offline targets are different
 - Wal-Mart stores target \$25.000 income households
 - medium income of online houseolds is \$60.000
- In 2006 online sales were 10% of online total in US

Wal-Mart Online

- Digital products
 - Music for 88c a song, early rival of iTunes
 - Inexpensive items were not available online (< 5\$)
 - no competition with their offline stores
 - Special offers and items for holydays
- One of the first and most successful big retailers online